BRIEF WRITE UP ON TECHNOLOGY

<u>DIBER, DRDO Technology for Deriving High Quality Bio-diesel Meeting Specified Indian</u> Standards (IS:15607) from Jatropha (Superior Germplasm)

Bio-diesel Scenarion in India: Gaps and Challenges

Jatropha curcas is a mandated crop for bio diesel production in India (National Biofuel Policy 2008, National Policy on Biofuels 2018). However, early entrepreneurs have struck with failure due to following reasons-

- Lack of quality feedstock and Agrotechnology practices
- Lack of oil extraction and transesterification technologies producing bio-diesel meeting IS15607 standards.
- Cumbersome post processing procedures.
- Short shelf life.

Superior DIBER Technologies Overcoming Existing Shortcomings

Rigorous research efforts by this Institute have led to development of an overall model for deriving bio diesel from Jatropha with attractive gains. A list of sub-technologies is as under-

	Technology/ Product	Accreditation, etc.	Figure
a)	High yielding varieties of Jatropha curcas	National Bio-diesel	1
		Mission	
b)	Tissue culture mediated mass propagation	National Bio-diesel	2
	protocol	Mission	
c)	Area specific Agrotechnology	National Bio-diesel	3-4
	(Semi-arid, foothills, North-West Himalayas)	Mission	
d)	Indigenous oil extraction and transesterification	Indian Patent filed	5
	technologies for production of bio-diesel meeting	(Sl. No 201811026681)	
	IS:15607 standard.		
e)	Range of value added products- soap, glycerine,		6
	fuel briquettes, fertilizer reducing the overall		
	production cost.		



Figure 1

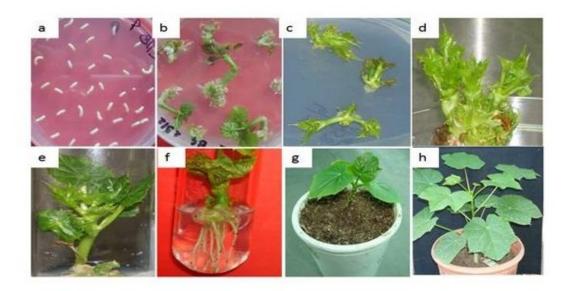


Figure 2

Jatropha Agrotechnology



Before



After

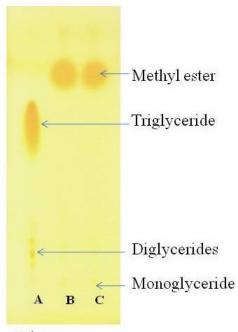
Figure 3



Jatropha nursery A- stem cutting-raised saplings; B- Seed-raised saplings.

Figure 4

Complete conversion of triglyceride (oil) to methyl esters





Where

A Jatropha oil

B,C Biodiesel of different batches Figure 5









Soap Fertilizer

Manure

Fuel briquettes



Glycerol

Figure 6